



Fuse Informations

What are fuses?? They are protectors that prevent damage to electronic and electrical equipment. Fuses allow electric current to pass through them until the amount of current goes over the fuses rating. At the time, the fuse Blows and stop the flow of electric current. Fuses are rated in in amperes, the unit of measure for electric current.

Fast-ACTING / SLOW BLOW. Fast Acting fuses react quickly to current overloads. Slow Blow fuses are less sensitive to start-up surge and protect against long-term overlaods

Fuse is a Saftey devices components. Always replace a blown fuse with the same type replace fast acting with fast acting, slow blow with slow blow. Slow Blow fuse are less sensitve to start-up the protection against long-term overloads.

Thera are four basic types of fuse: Slow-Blow/ Time LAG - Dual Element slow blow fuses / Fast-acting / Very fast Acting fuses.

A major type of slow blow fuse is the dual element fuse. This fuse consists of a short circuit strip and a soldered joint, spring connection. During overloads conditions, the soldered joints gets hot enough to melt and the spring

shears the junction loose. Under short circuits conduitions the short circuit elements opersates to open the circuit. All dual-Elements fuses are considered to be slow blow, but not all slow blow fuses are dual elements.

Slow-blow fuses are ideal for circuits with a transient surge or power inrush. There circuits include: motors, transformers, incandescant lamps and capacitive loads.

This inrush can be 20 times the normal current level. When using fast-acting, single elements type fuses, it is neccessary to rate fuse at 150% to 300% of thre circuits full load curent. With this rating rule inrush may cause nuisance openings.

Slow Blow fuses allow close rating of the fuse without nuisance opening. Typically rate the slow-blow fuses from 125% to 150° of the circuits full load process.

Fast-Acting fuses have no intentional built in slow-blow and are used in circuits without transient inrush Amp.

Very fast-acting fuses often have silver links. Because of the fuses current limiting ability, there fuses are frequently used to protect semiconductor circuits.

The current carrying capacity of a fuse: The nominal value upon which all performance characteristics of a fuse are based.

 Overcurrent) A condition which exits on a electrical circuit when the normals current is exceeded.
Overcurrents take on two separate characteristics overloads and short circuits.

(Overload) Can be classified as an overcurrent which exceeds the normal full load current of a circuit. Also characteristics of this type of overcurrent is that it does not leave the normal current carrying path of the circuit. That is it flows from the source, through the conductors, through the load, back through the conductors, to the source again.

(Voltage Rating) For general circuit protection, the voltage rating on the fuse should be equal to, or greater than the circuit voltage of the circuit in which the fuse is applied. Exceeding the voltage rating of a fuse impairs ist ability to clear an overload or short circuit safely. Fuse can be used at any voltage below the fuse voltage rating; a 250V fuse can be used in 125V circuits.

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Cross Reference charts BUSSMANN / LITTLEFUSE / TELFUSE / BEL FUSE

Testing standards and equipment utilized for UL, CSA, METI, and IEC ... etc. Approvals (Specificy fuse type desired.

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IEC EUROPEAN Ceramic Body Fuses High Breaking Capacity Time-Lag 5x20mm

	Time-Lay SX2011111			
	Part No.:	R41008-5A00		
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Customer:

DRW:	Jason	CHKD	Jules	MATL:	Wu	DATE	25.06.2014
APPD:	Join			FINISH	Shieh	Sheet	1 from 3



Packaging:



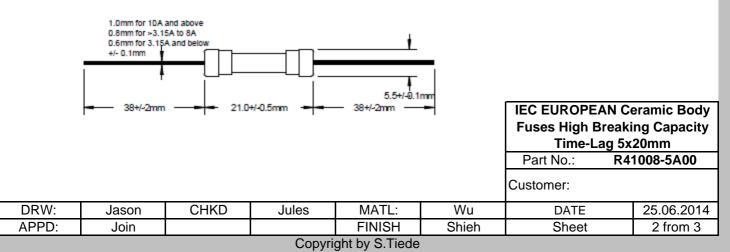
Technical Specifications					
55°C to +125°C					
MIL-STD-202, Method 213, Test Condition 1					
(Shaw toth)					
MIL-STD-202, Method 201,					
(10-55Hz x 3 axis/no load					
MIL-STD-202, Method 101, Test Condition B					
(48hrs)					
MIL-STD-202, Method 101, Test Condition A					
(After Openeing) 10.000 Ohms minimum					
MIL-STD-202, Method 210, Test Condition F					
(10sec, at 260°C)					
MIL-STD-202, Method 107, Test Condition B					
(-65°C to +125°C)					
1500A @ 250VAC					
Ceramic Body Body / Nickel Plated Brass Caps					

1,5 In 2,1 In 2,75 In 10 In 4 In **Rated Current** Min. Max. Min. Min. Max. Max. Max. 5,00A 60 Min. 30 Min. 750msec 80sec 85ms 5ms 150ms

Bulk 100 / 1000PCS per Bag

Serie	Serie Ampere Rating (In)		Nominal Resistance Cold Ohms	Voltage Drop (mV) MAX.	Nominal Melting I ² t A ² sec	
R41008	5,00A	250V	0,0153	100	70	

Mechanical Dimension



email: info@edcon-components.com





Approvals

Cec	(D	DE	FC	F	Kema	S
YES	YES		YES				YES
Y	I ∕€I	PSE	ССС				
YES		YES	YES				

Ordering	Information

Serie ROHS Packing Range R41008 5A00 R BU101 R= ROHS BU101= Bulk 5A00= 5,00A Conform Ware N= NON 100PCS ROHS BU102= Bulk Ware 1000PCS **IEC EUROPEAN Ceramic Body Fuses High Breaking Capacity** Time-Lag 5x20mm R41008-5A00 Part No.: Customer: DRW: CHKD MATL: Wu 25.06.2014 Jules Jason DATE APPD: Join FINISH Shieh Sheet 3 from 3 Copyright by S.Tiede

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